OpenPSS

An Open Page Stream Segmentation Benchmark

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Introduction

What is Page Stream Segmentation (PSS)?

Origins

- · Document digitization through scanning
- · Combining multiple documents into 1 PDF file (cost-effective)

Problem

· Issues with downstream tasks (searching)

Task

- · Automatically recovering document boundaries
- Usage of text- and/or images (multimodal)

Challenges & Motivation

Challenges

- · Almost no (large) public datasets
- Different evaluation metrics in different papers :How to compare?

Goals

- Providing an overview of current PSS methods
 - · Two large multimodel datasets
 - · Wider set of evaluation metrics for model evaluation

The Benchmark

The benchmark

Datasets

 2 large multimodal Dutch datasets obtained from FOIA requests totalling roughly 400 streams, 32,000 documents and 140,000 pages (SHORT and LONG)



Figure 1: Example of a stream of two documents, both with two pages

Evaluation Metrics

Evaluation

- · Apart from Precision, Recall and F1, using Panoptic Quality [2]
- Allows for model to receive credit for partially correct predictions

Experiments

What models did we use?

Model Types

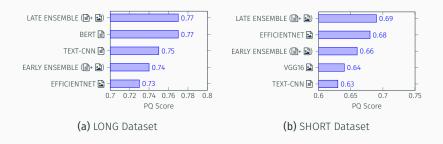
- · Simple baselines (KNN, XGBoost) with pre-trained embeddings
- · Neural text- and/or vision models (VGG16, BERT)[4, 1]
- · Sequence-tagging models (LSTM) [3]

Task Variants

- · Classic Train and test on the same dataset
- · Robust Train on dataset A, test on dataset B (more realistic)
 - · Measure average performance drop

Result Highlights

Standard Setting



- · For both datasets (multimodal) neural methods are superior
- Text methods better on LONG dataset, image methods better on SHORT

Robust Setting

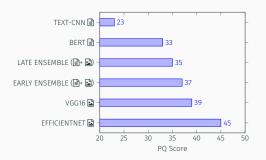


Figure 3: Average performance drop in percentage

- Text models are (generally) the most robust
- Image models are not as robust as text or ensemble

Practical Implications

Types of Mistakes

- · 8 out of 10 hits is a TP, on average less than 2 pages off
- · Remaining hits
 - · Contain multiple documents
 - · Contain only part of document

Conclusion

Conclusion & Future Work

Conclusions

- We constructed the **OpenPSS** benchmark
- Extensively compared 17 baselines on both datasets
 - · (Multimodal) neural methods superior
 - · neural text models most robust
- · Analysis of impact on a search engine

Future Work

· Expanding on sequence labelling methods (Transformers)

Questions?

References i

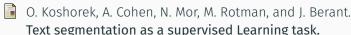


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